



Independent Auditor's Report

The Board of Directors
Utah Municipal Power Agency
Spanish Fork, Utah

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying balance sheet of the Utah Municipal Power Agency ("the Agency"), as of June 30, 2013 and the related statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net position and cash flows for the year then ended and the related notes to the financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the Agency as of June 30, 2013 and the respective changes in net assets and its cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 15 through 17 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied

certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements taken as a whole. The supplemental Schedule of Changes in Funds Established by the Bond Indenture for the year ended June 30, 2013 shown on page 32 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements.

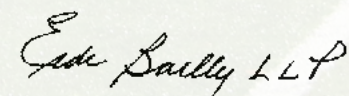
The supplemental Schedule of Changes in Funds Established by the Bond Indenture is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Schedule of Changes in Funds Established by the Bond Indenture is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole

Prior Year (June 30, 2012) Auditor's Report

The financial statements of the Agency as of and for the year ended June 30, 2012, were audited by Hansen Barnett & Maxwell, P.C. who joined Eide Bailly LLP on September 1, 2013, and whose report dated October 24, 2012, expressed an unmodified opinion on those statements.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued a report dated October 23, 2013 on our consideration of Utah Municipal Power Agency's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in Considering Utah Municipal Power Agency's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.



Salt Lake City, Utah
October 23, 2013

This discussion and analysis provides an overview of the financial performance and activities of Utah Municipal Power Agency (UMPA or the Agency) for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2013 and 2012. The information presented should be read in conjunction with the basic financial statements and the accompanying notes to the financial statements.

Financial Statements Overview

The Agency operates as a utility enterprise and substantially follows the Uniform System of Accounts prescribed by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission. The accompanying basic financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The Agency's basic financial statements include the statement of net position, the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position, and the statement of cash flows.

The statement of net position provides information about the nature and amount of assets and obligations (liabilities) of the Agency as of the end of the year. The statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position reports revenues and expenses for the current year. The statements of cash flows reports cash receipts, cash payments, and net changes in cash resulting from operating, capital and related financing activities, and investing activities.

Condensed Financial Statements and Analysis

The following comparative condensed statements of net position summarizes the financial position of the Agency for the years ended June 30, 2013, 2012 and 2011:

	Condensed Statements of Net Position		
	2013	2012	2011
Assets:			
Utility plant & equipment, net	\$ 15,294,925	\$ 13,935,319	\$ 14,775,477
Current assets	33,991,041	27,961,617	26,952,367
Deferred charges	264,396	242,024	297,296
Total assets	<u>\$ 49,550,362</u>	<u>\$ 42,138,960</u>	<u>\$ 42,025,140</u>
Liabilities:			
Long-term liabilities	\$ 25,110,316	\$ 21,707,607	\$ 25,553,331
Current liabilities	8,550,604	9,518,833	8,268,977
Deferred credits	15,886,092	10,909,170	8,199,482
Total liabilities	<u>49,547,012</u>	<u>42,135,610</u>	<u>42,021,790</u>
Net Position:			
Net investment in capital assets	(12,990,391)	(10,792,288)	(12,852,854)
Restricted for debt service	7,985,325	7,895,242	7,827,246
Unrestricted	5,008,416	2,900,396	5,028,958
Total net position	<u>3,350</u>	<u>3,350</u>	<u>3,350</u>
Total liabilities and net position	<u>\$ 49,550,362</u>	<u>\$ 42,138,960</u>	<u>\$ 42,025,140</u>

Condensed statements of net position highlights are as follows:

- Utility plant & equipment, net increased by approximately \$1,360,000 during 2013. This increase is attributable to the difference of 2013 capital additions in excess of depreciation. Capital additions in the amount of \$2,350,000 are included in work in process for a clean air projects at two dedicated resource facilities. Utility plant & equipment, net includes the Agency's 3.75% undivided ownership interest in the Bonanza Unit I, with a historical cost of \$28.15 million, and the Agency's 6.25% undivided ownership interest in certain related transmission facilities, with a historical cost of \$8.68 million. In 2012, utility plant & equipment decreased \$840,000 due to depreciation in excess of capital additions.
- An increase in current assets at year-end of \$6.03 million is the primary effect of a \$6.4 million increase in cash and investments, a \$232,000 decrease in prepaid expenses for a dedicated resource and \$48,596 lower inventory of coal stockpiled at the Bonanza

Station. The 2013 increase in cash and investments was due to \$984,000 contributions to the Rate Stabilization Fund and unused proceeds from the Series 2012 Electric System Revenue Bonds of \$3.97 million issued to fund capital projects at two dedicated resource facilities. Current assets increased \$1.01 million in 2012 due to a \$1.32 million increase in receivables for member and non-member power sales, a \$238,000 decrease in prepaid expenses for a dedicated resource and \$76,000 lower inventory valuation.

- Deferred Charges increased \$22,000 in 2013 with additional bond issuance costs of \$100,000 and annual amortization. Deferred charges decreased \$55,000 in 2012 from annual amortization.
- Long-term liabilities increased \$3.4 million in 2013. Long-term 2012 revenue bonds were issued in the amount of \$6.6 million in 2013. Long-term 2003 revenue bonds outstanding decreased \$3.2 million due to classification of the current portion of long-term liabilities and the net effect of bond premium and cost of reacquired debt amortization. The final Member note payable payment was made in 2013. Long-term liabilities decreased \$3.85 million in 2012.
- Deferred credits increased \$4.98 million in 2013. This is attributable to a net increase of \$984,000 of member contributions to the Rate Stabilization Fund and an increase of \$3.99 million of the net revenues to be returned in future billings to members. The Agency's rate stabilization account may be used to meet unanticipated increases in revenue requirements in subsequent periods or achieve rate stability to members. Deferred credits increased \$2.71 million from 2011 to 2012, which represented a \$196,000 decrease in the Rate Stabilization Fund and a \$2.91 million increase in net revenues to be returned in future billings to members.
- Restricted net position is comprised of the Bond Fund. The unrestricted net position is comprised of the Revenue, Repair & Replacement Funds, and Rate Stabilization Funds. These funds were created under UMPA's General Indenture of Trust (Bond Indenture) for the Series 2003 Revenue Refunding Bonds. The Rate Stabilization Fund, created by UMPA Board resolution in 1999 and was subsequently incorporated by the Bond Indenture in 2003, is designated to use by UMPA's Board.

The comparative condensed statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position summarizes the changes in financial position of the Agency for the years ended June 30, 2013, 2012 and 2011:

Condensed Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

	2013	2012	2011
Power sales	\$ 71,855,374	\$ 68,151,506	\$ 66,799,494
Other revenues	25,631	8,402	2,338
Operating revenues	71,881,005	68,159,908	66,801,832
Operating expenses	66,087,280	64,512,428	63,833,628
Operating income	5,793,725	3,647,480	2,968,204
Interest income	373,275	324,291	336,586
Interest expense and amortization expenses	(1,190,078)	(1,262,083)	(1,346,345)
Deferred credit adjustment	(4,976,922)	(2,709,688)	(1,958,445)
Net non-operating (revenues) expenses	(5,793,725)	(3,647,480)	(2,968,204)
Change in net position	-	-	-
Beginning net position	3,350	3,350	3,350
Ending net position	\$ 3,350	\$ 3,350	\$ 3,350

- Operating revenues from power sales increased by approximately \$3.72 million between 2013 and 2012. Power sales consist principally of member power sales revenue and power sales to non-members. Revenue from power sales to members increased \$4.9 million in 2013 as member capacity increased 3.08% and member energy increased 3.84%. Billed rate to members was 3.88% higher than the rate in 2012. Capacity and energy not needed for sales to members, in addition to power purchased on the market for resale, are sold to non-members. Energy sold to non-members in 2013 decreased 17.4% resulting in \$1.2 million less revenue than in 2012. In 2012, operating revenues from power sales increased by approximately \$1.35 million from 2011 as revenue from power sales to members increased \$2.79 million and sales to non-members decreased \$1.44 million due to lower market prices.

- Operating expenses increased by approximately \$1.58 million between 2013 and 2012. This difference is attributable primarily to dedicated resources, Western Area Power Administration, generation costs, other power costs, and general and administrative expenses.

Dedicated resource costs decreased \$639,000 in 2013 due primarily to expenses at the Hunter dedicated resource. A decrease in Hunter capital expense in the amount of \$1.5 million due to the capitalization of the remaining clean air projects related to the issuance of the 2012 bonds. Fuel costs increased \$619,000, as a result of a 3.8% increase in output and a 17% increase per kWh fuel costs. In 2012, dedicated resource costs decreased \$349,000 due primarily to expenses at the Hunter dedicated resource.

Western Area Power Administration expense decreased \$1.2 million due to a 25% decrease in hydroelectric energy received. Expenses were higher in prior two years because additional hydroelectric energy was available and received above the standard contracted amounts.

Generation costs in 2013 decreased \$375,000 primarily due to a decrease of \$1.08 million in maintenance costs due to no planned outages, resulting in 23% additional output. Fuel costs increased \$841,000 due to the additional output. Generation costs in 2012 were \$1.89 million higher than the previous year due to increased fuel costs of \$820,000 and \$963,000 higher maintenance costs associated with a planned major outage.

Other power costs increased \$3.6 million in 2013. Other power costs consist of UMPA's long-term and firm contracts for power, supplemental power purchased on the market, and transmission. Other power costs also include power purchased for resale to non-members. Other purchased power costs increased \$2.9 million or 10.45% in 2013 from 14.46% greater market energy purchases. Transmission costs increased \$734,000 due to increased transmission tariffs. In 2012, other power costs decreased \$2.49 million.

General and administrative expenses increased \$149,000 in 2013. Legal and consulting expenses increased due to costs associated with a feasibility study for a potential future resource. Salary and benefit expenses increased for severance and benefits payout of key personnel upon retirement.

Long Term Debt Activity

In July 2012, the Agency issued \$6,600,000 of 2012 Series Electric System Revenue Bonds with a fixed interest rate of 2.06%. The bonds mature on July 1, 2017 and require interest only payments until the Agency's fiscal year 2015. The bonds were structured to level the Agency's total debt service requirements through the bonds maturity, including debt for a dedicated resource which is reflected in Note 8-Commitments and Contingencies, Dedicated Resource Costs. The bonds were issued to fund the remaining clean air capital projects at the Hunter resource, which will be completed in May, 2014, and install pollution control equipment at another dedicated resource in fiscal year 2013.

In 2003, UMPA took advantage of low interest rates and current refunded the 1993 Series Revenue Refunding Bonds through the issuance of the 2003 Series Revenue Refunding Bonds.

Budgetary Highlights

UMPA's Board of Directors adopted a fiscal year 2013 budget with total expenditures of \$69.3 million. Budgeted operating expenses of \$65.05 million and debt service of \$4.26 million. Actual operating expenses and debt service were \$69.98 million, \$691,000 or 1% over budget. The Agency would have been under budget except for funding of \$984,000 to the Rate Stabilization fund. Non-member sales were \$1.09 million over budget.

Economic Factors

The Agency's electric energy loads have increased approximately 1.2% this year. The electric markets continue to exhibit a high level of sensitivity to domestic natural gas prices, transmission capacity, and available supply of surplus generating capacity. UMPA will continue to benefit from a surplus resource portfolio. Should the Agency suffer an extended loss of resources, it may be necessary to replace any lost capacity and energy at market wholesale rates which may be higher than the current blended cost-based resource mix. Environmental regulations are in a state of long-term uncertainty for current and new power generation resources. Changes in regulated emissions could have a significant impact on the cost of operating both existing and any new carbon-based generation resources for UMPA and for similar generation resources of other utilities throughout the electric generation industry.

Contact Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Agency's finances. Questions or requests for additional information should be addressed to the Accounting Manager, P.O. Box 818, Spanish Fork, UT 84660.

Utah Municipal Power Agency
Statements of Net Position
June 30, 2013

ASSETS		
	June 30, 2013	June 30, 2012
Utility Plant and Equipment - Note 1 & 2		
Interest in generating plant	\$ 31,926,340	\$ 29,561,998
Interest in transmission system	8,676,126	8,669,374
Other utility assets	1,681,754	1,665,125
Less: accumulated depreciation	<u>(26,989,295)</u>	<u>(25,961,178)</u>
Utility Plant and Equipment - Net	<u>15,294,925</u>	<u>13,935,319</u>
Current Assets		
Cash, cash equivalents, and investments - Note 1 & 3	22,951,028	16,545,771
Accounts receivable		
Member power sales	7,713,322	7,641,784
Non-member power sales	561,844	728,514
Inventory - Note 1	2,764,847	2,813,443
Prepaid capacity purchase - Note 7	-	220,046
Prepaid Deseret expense - Note 6	<u>-</u>	<u>12,059</u>
Total Current Assets	<u>33,991,041</u>	<u>27,961,617</u>
Deferred Charges		
Capitalized bond issue costs (net of accumulated amortization of \$595,248 in 2013 and \$533,125 in 2012) - Note 1 & 5	163,609	125,732
Other deferred charges (net of accumulated amortization of \$133,213 in 2013 and \$117,708 in 2012) - Note 1	<u>100,787</u>	<u>116,292</u>
Total Deferred Charges	<u>264,396</u>	<u>242,024</u>
Total Assets	<u>\$ 49,550,362</u>	<u>\$ 42,138,960</u>

See Notes to Financial Statements

Utah Municipal Power Agency
Statements of Net Position
June 30, 2013

LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION		
	June 30, 2013	June 30, 2012
Long-Term Liabilities - Note 5		
Revenue bonds payable	\$ 25,110,316	\$ 21,707,607
Total Long-Term Liabilities	<u>25,110,316</u>	<u>21,707,607</u>
Current Liabilities		
Accounts payable	4,835,604	5,078,341
Accrued bond interest payable	540,000	615,492
Current portion of revenue bonds payable - Note 5	3,175,000	3,020,000
Current portion of member payable - Note 5	<u>-</u>	<u>805,000</u>
Total Current Liabilities	<u>8,550,604</u>	<u>9,518,833</u>
Deferred Credits - Note 4	<u>15,886,092</u>	<u>10,909,170</u>
Net Position		
Net investment in capital assets	(12,990,391)	(10,792,288)
Restricted for debt service	7,985,325	7,895,242
Unrestricted	<u>5,008,416</u>	<u>2,900,396</u>
Total Net Position	<u>3,350</u>	<u>3,350</u>
Total Liabilities and Net Position	<u>\$ 49,550,362</u>	<u>\$ 42,138,960</u>

See Notes to Financial Statements

Utah Municipal Power Agency
Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position
June 30, 2013

	For the Years Ended June 30,	
	2013	2012
Operating Revenues		
Power sales:		
Members	\$ 66,106,250	\$ 61,193,859
Non-members	5,749,124	6,957,647
Other operating revenue	25,631	8,402
Total Operating Revenues	<u>71,881,005</u>	<u>68,159,908</u>
Operating Expenses		
Dedicated resource costs	11,098,809	11,738,068
Western Area Power Administration	8,533,998	9,733,163
Generation costs	10,163,337	10,538,283
Other power costs	33,762,708	30,133,092
Depreciation	1,064,595	1,054,911
General and administrative	1,463,833	1,314,911
Total Operating Expenses	<u>66,087,280</u>	<u>64,512,428</u>
Income from Operations	<u>5,793,725</u>	<u>3,647,480</u>
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)		
Interest income	373,275	324,291
Interest expense	(1,127,955)	(1,222,317)
Amortization expense	(62,123)	(39,766)
Net Non-Operating Expenses	<u>(816,803)</u>	<u>(937,792)</u>
Change in net position before deferred credit adjustment	4,976,922	2,709,688
Deferred credit adjustment - Note 1 & 4	(4,976,922)	(2,709,688)
Change in Net Position	-	-
Net Position, Beginning of Year	<u>3,350</u>	<u>3,350</u>
Net Position, End of Year	<u>\$ 3,350</u>	<u>\$ 3,350</u>

See Notes to Financial Statements

Utah Municipal Power Agency
Statements of Cash Flows
June 30, 2013

	For the Years Ended June 30,	
	2013	2012
Cash Flows from Operating Activities		
Receipts from members	\$ 66,034,712	\$ 59,965,352
Other operating receipts	5,941,425	6,872,136
Payments for dedicated resources	(11,415,485)	(11,010,047)
Payments for UMPA resources	(9,870,961)	(10,439,637)
Payments for purchased power	(42,218,935)	(39,221,396)
Payments for other operating expenses	(1,463,835)	(1,314,911)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	<u>7,006,921</u>	<u>4,851,497</u>
Cash Flows from Capital Financing Activities		
Bond and member payable payments	(3,825,000)	(3,623,000)
Interest paid on bonds	(1,225,738)	(1,315,042)
Acquisition of utility and equipment	(2,424,201)	(214,754)
Proceeds from the issuance of bonds	6,600,000	-
Bond costs paid on issuance	(100,000)	-
Net Cash Used in Capital Financing Activities	<u>(974,939)</u>	<u>(5,152,796)</u>
Cash Flows from Investing Activities		
Interest received on cash and investments	373,275	324,291
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	<u>373,275</u>	<u>324,291</u>
Net Increase in Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments	6,405,257	22,992
Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments at Beginning of Year	<u>16,545,771</u>	<u>16,522,779</u>
Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments at End of Year	<u>\$ 22,951,028</u>	<u>\$ 16,545,771</u>
Reconciliation of Income from Operations to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities		
Income from operations	\$ 5,793,725	\$ 3,647,480
Noncash operating activities adjustment:		
Depreciation	1,064,595	1,054,911
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable	95,132	(1,322,420)
Prepaid expenses	247,610	276,025
Inventory	48,596	75,643
Accounts payable	(474,458)	1,119,858
Deseret expense payable	231,721	-
Net Cash Flows Provided by Operating Activities	<u>\$ 7,006,921</u>	<u>\$ 4,851,497</u>

See Notes to Financial Statements

NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of Utah Municipal Power Agency (UMPA or Agency) conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governmental units. The following is a summary of the more significant of such policies.

Organization and Purpose—UMPA, a separate legal entity and political subdivision of the State of Utah, was formed by an agreement dated September 17, 1980, pursuant to the provisions of the Utah Interlocal Co-Operation Act. UMPA's membership consists of six municipalities (the Members). UMPA's purposes include planning, financing, development, acquisition, construction, improvement, betterment, operation, or maintenance of projects for the generation, transmission and distribution of electric energy for the benefit of its Members. UMPA purchased from Deseret Generation and Transmission Co-Operative (DG&T) an undivided interest in the Bonanza Station on December 19, 1985, and began selling power to the Members at that time. The following governmental entities are UMPA Members:

Town of Levan
Manti City Corporation
Nephi City Corporation
Provo City Corporation
Salem City Corporation
Spanish Fork City Corporation

Basis of Accounting—The Agency follows the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission's Uniform System of Accounts and maintains accounting records on an accrual basis, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, including the application of FASB Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) 980, *Regulated Operations*, as the guidance relates to the deferral of revenues and expenses to future periods in which the revenues are earned or the expenses are recovered through the rate-making process.

Recently Adopted Accounting Principles—In June 2011, GASB Statement No. 63, *Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position*, was issued. Net position is the residual of all other elements presented in the statement of net position. The Agency retrospectively adopted GASB 63 effective July 1, 2012. There was no material effect on the financial statements as a result of adoption.

Reclassifications—Certain 2012 amounts have been reclassified to conform to the 2013 presentation.

Cash Equivalents—For purposes of the Statements of Cash Flows, the Agency considers all highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents. See also Note 3.

Investments—Investments consist of certificates of deposit, United States Government and government agency securities, and securities allowed according to the State of Utah Money Management Act which are stated at fair value. All investments other than unrestricted funds are restricted as to their use by the General Indenture of Trust, dated as of April 1, 2003, (the Bond Indenture) to Zions First National Bank.

Utility Plant and Equipment—The interest in generating plants consists of (i) a 3.75% undivided ownership interest (representing approximately 17 MW of capacity) in a 458 MW coal-fired generating unit (Bonanza Unit 1) located at the Bonanza Station in northeastern Utah, (ii) a 1.875% undivided ownership interest in certain common facilities constructed to serve both Bonanza Unit 1 and a similar sized unit which may be constructed adjacent thereto (Bonanza Unit 2), (iii) a 6.25% undivided ownership interest in certain related transmission facilities and miscellaneous related rights and interests, and (iv) inclusion of study costs for potential future resources.

Work in process includes costs for clean air projects at two dedicated power resource facilities.

The plant is stated at original cost, which represents the actual cost to DG&T of labor, materials, and indirect costs, such as engineering, supervision, transportation, and allowance for borrowed funds used during construction, plus capitalized interest on bonds until the Bonanza Unit 1 was placed in commercial operation.

Furniture and equipment purchased by UMPA are stated at cost.

UMPA uses the following useful lives in depreciating fixed assets under the straight-line method:

Office Building	30 Years
Furniture and Equipment	3 – 7 Years
Interest in Utility Plant	20 – 40 Years

Subsequent Events—Management of the Agency has evaluated subsequent events through October 23, 2013, the date which the financial statements were available to be issued.

Unamortized Bond Issuance Costs—Unamortized bond issuance costs related to the issuance of the UMPA Electric System Revenue Refunding Bonds 2003 Series A and the Electric System Revenue Refunding Bonds Series 2012 are amortized on the effective interest method over the term of the bonds.

Deferred Charges—Other deferred charges are costs incurred in conducting project feasibility studies.

Taxes—UMPA is not subject to federal or state taxes but has agreed to make payments in lieu of ad valorem taxes to Uintah County in respect of its interest in Bonanza Unit 1. UMPA paid \$32,209 to Uintah County during the 2013 fiscal year and \$34,579 in fiscal year 2012.

Inventory—Inventory consists of the following items:

1. Coal stockpiled at the Bonanza Station. The inventory is valued at lower of cost or market on the moving average basis, valued at \$2,491,847 and \$2,540,443 at June 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively.
2. Working capital inventory warehoused at Hunter #1 Plant. The inventory is valued at lower of cost or market on the moving average basis, valued at \$273,000 and \$273,000 at June 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

Rates—Utah State law provides that UMPA's Board of Directors (Board) has sole authority to establish power supply rates to its Members. In accordance with its Bond Indenture, the Agency shall establish rates which, together with other revenues, are reasonably expected to pay its operating costs (not including depreciation and amortization) and at least 1.00 times its aggregate debt service. Power supply services provided by the Agency are not subject to state or federal rate regulation.

Revenue—The Bond Indenture requires UMPA to fix and collect fees and charges sufficient to meet operating expenses and debt service. UMPA accomplishes this by estimating the current year operating expenses and debt service and then billing the member cities monthly at a rate sufficient to match the estimates plus Board directed charges (See Note 4). The estimates and billings are updated periodically to reflect the difference between the actual and the estimates.

Deferred Costs to be Recovered in Future Billings to Members—Costs in excess of the amounts currently billable to the Members are to be recovered from future revenues by setting rates sufficient to provide funds for the related debt service requirements. As allowed through the applications of the provisions of ASC 980, current costs in excess of funding are deferred and shown as deferred costs to be recovered in future periods on the accompanying statement of net position and as expenses to be recovered in future periods on the statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position. These costs represent depreciation of utility and equipment, amortization of long-term debt issuance costs, amortization of long-term debt premium/discount, gain/loss on disposed assets, and amortization of cost of reacquired debt in excess of amounts currently billed to Members.

Deferred Credits—The Agency designs its electric service rates to recover costs, as defined above, of providing power supply services. In order to minimize possible future rate increases, the Board has adopted a rate stabilization formula whereby each month the Agency collects amounts which are the differences between budgeted results of operations and actual results of operations. The Rate Stabilization Funds may be used for major maintenance, capital outlay, environmental upgrades and other uses the Board may designate. The Board periodically reviews the amounts collected and may adjust the contribution as they deem prudent. For the year ended June 30, 2013 the Agency made contributions of \$984,030, including interest, and for the year ended June 30, 2012 net outlays of \$196,113, net of interest earned in the fund, were reflected in the Rate Stabilization Fund and reported in deferred credits on the statements of net position.

NOTE 2—UTILITY PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Capital asset activity for the years ended June 30, 2013 and 2012 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Retirements & Transfers	Ending Balance
Utility Plant and Equipment as of June 30, 2013				
Generation plant	\$ 29,269,682	\$ 14,930	\$ (453)	\$ 29,284,159
Work in process	292,316	2,349,865	-	2,642,181
Transmission plant	8,669,374	6,752	-	8,676,126
Other utility assets	1,665,125	52,654	(36,025)	1,681,754
Total Utility Plant and Equipment	<u>39,896,497</u>	<u>2,424,201</u>	<u>(36,478)</u>	<u>42,284,220</u>
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Generation plant	(19,043,989)	(783,728)	453	(19,827,264)
Transmission plant	(5,596,649)	(232,630)	-	(5,829,279)
Other utility assets	(1,320,540)	(48,237)	36,025	(1,332,752)
Total Depreciation	<u>(25,961,178)</u>	<u>(1,064,595)</u>	<u>36,478</u>	<u>(26,989,295)</u>
Utility Plant and Equipment, net	<u>\$ 13,935,319</u>	<u>\$ 1,359,606</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 15,294,925</u>
	Beginning Balance	Additions	Retirements & Transfers	Ending Balance
Utility Plant and Equipment as of June 30, 2012				
Generation plant	\$ 29,092,539	\$ 177,143	\$ -	\$ 29,269,682
Work in process	292,316	-	-	292,316
Transmission plant	8,665,899	3,475	-	8,669,374
Other utility assets	1,637,009	34,136	(6,020)	1,665,125
Total utility plant and equipment	<u>39,687,763</u>	<u>214,754</u>	<u>(6,020)</u>	<u>39,896,497</u>
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Generation plant	(18,265,235)	(778,754)	-	(19,043,989)
Transmission plant	(5,364,275)	(232,374)	-	(5,596,649)
Other utility assets	(1,282,776)	(43,784)	6,020	(1,320,540)
Total accumulated depreciation	<u>(24,912,286)</u>	<u>(1,054,912)</u>	<u>6,020</u>	<u>(25,961,178)</u>
Utility Plant and Equipment, net	<u>\$ 14,775,477</u>	<u>\$ (840,158)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 13,935,319</u>

NOTE 3—CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS

Cash, cash equivalents and investments as of June 30, 2013 and 2012 are detailed as follows:

	2013	2012
Cash, cash equivalents, and investments:		
Deposits	\$ 2,217,891	\$ 960,362
Investment in the Utah State PTIF	16,382,137	5,740,329
Money market accounts	-	5,494,078
Investment in commercial paper	4,351,000	-
Guaranteed investment contract	-	4,351,002
Total cash, cash equivalents, and investments	<u>\$ 22,951,028</u>	<u>\$ 16,545,771</u>

Deposits—It is the policy of UMPA to invest funds in compliance with state and local laws, regulations, and other policies governing the investment of public funds, specifically according to the terms and conditions of the State Money Management Act of 1974 and Rules of the State Money Management Council as currently amended (the “Act”), and the Agency’s own written investment policy. UMPA’s bank deposits are covered by federal depository insurance up to \$250,000.

The Act requires the depositing of UMPA funds in a “Qualified Depository.” The Act defines a “qualified depository” as any financial institution whose deposits are insured by an agency of the federal government and which has been certified by the Commissioner of Financial Institutions as meeting the requirements of the Act and adhering to the rules of the Utah Money Management Council. All of the Agency’s deposits during the years ended June 30, 2013 and 2012 were made with qualified Depositories.

Deposit Custodial Credit Risk—Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Agency’s deposits may not be returned to it. Investments in the Utah State PTIF are not insured or otherwise guaranteed by the State of Utah. The State of Utah does not require collateral on deposits. As of June 30, 2013, \$22,701,028 of the Agency’s bank balance was uninsured and uncollateralized and therefore was exposed to some degree of custodial credit risk.

Investments—The Agency may place public money in investments authorized by the Money Management Act (U.C.A. 51-7-11). The Chief Financial Manager shall ensure that all purchases and sales of securities are settled within 15 days of the trade date. In general, these investments can be any of the following subject to restrictions specified in the Act: (1) Obligations of the U.S. Treasury and most Government-Sponsored Enterprises; (2) Commercial paper; (3) Bankers Acceptances; (4) Publicly traded, fixed rate corporate obligations; (5) Certain variable rate securities and deposits; (6) Deposits with the State Public Treasurer’s Investment Pool; and (7) Certain fixed rate negotiable deposits with a certified depository. The Agency’s investment policy does not allow an investment in a master repurchase agreement, a repurchase agreement, or a reverse-repurchase agreement. Further by policy, as measured by cost, no more than 50% of the Agency’s portfolio may be invested in any one class of investment. This restriction does not apply to obligations of the U.S. Government and the Utah State Public Treasurer’s Investment Fund.

Investment Interest Rate Risk—The Agency’s formal investment policy limits investment maturities to a maximum of three years as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Forward Delivery Agreements—On July 16, 2003, UMPA entered into a forward delivery agreement for the purchase of Qualified Investments, as defined by the 2003 Series Bond Indenture, for the Series 2003 bond reserve funds. The Qualified Investments delivered under this agreement provide an investment rate of return of 4.33% through January 1, 2018, the term of the agreement. This forward delivery agreement was terminated effective January 1, 2013 by the counterparty pursuant to provisions provided in the agreement.

On November 18, 2003, UMPA entered into a forward delivery agreement for the purchase of Qualified Investments, as defined by the 2003 Series Bond Indenture, for the Series 2003 bond service funds. The Qualified Investments delivered under this agreement provide an investment rate of return of 4.50% through June 29, 2018, the term of the agreement.

Arbitrage Rebate—Under U. S. Treasury Department regulations, all governmental tax-exempt debt issued after August 31, 1986, is subject to arbitrage rebate requirements. Interest income on bond proceeds which exceeds the cost of borrowing is payable to the federal government on every fifth anniversary of each bond issue. The estimated arbitrage liability is included in accrued liabilities on the balance sheet and the estimated arbitrage expense is recorded as a reduction of interest income. At June 30, 2013 and 2012, the estimated liability is \$0 and \$0, respectively.

NOTE 4—DEFERRED CREDITS/CHARGES TO BE RETURNED/RECOVERED IN BILLINGS TO MEMBERS

UMPA bills its Members at rates which will provide revenues sufficient to cover the costs of operating and maintaining UMPA and the costs of debt service plus any Board directed charges, but not items such as depreciation, amortization, gains/losses on sale and disposal of capital assets, and deferred credits. This amount represents the unbilled amount of such costs, other charges to Members, and unanticipated revenues which are to be recovered or returned in future billings and are classified as deferred costs or deferred credits in the accompanying financial statements.

UMPA’s Board of Directors established a Rate Stabilization Fund (RSF) on September 22, 1999. The purpose of the fund is to set aside funds to assist in maintaining stable rates to Members in the event of unplanned or extraordinary operation, maintenance, or capital replacement costs. The fund can also be used for early retirement of debt. The monthly fund contribution, if any, is the difference between the budgeted results of operations and actual results of operations.

Differences exist between the costs used in the determination of power rates and the revenues and expenses reportable under generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Change in net position is not reported in the accompanying financial statements because differences described above have been deferred and will reverse when costs included in power rates exceed revenues and expenses reportable under GAAP. These timing differences consist mainly of debt service payments, depreciation, amortization, gains and losses for the sale of assets, unanticipated revenues, and RSF additions and uses. The following is a summary of those differences.

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The statements of net position amounts at end of year June 30, 2013 and 2012 include the following classifications:

	2013	2012
Deferred Credits		
Designated for rate stabilization	\$ (2,591,684)	\$ (1,607,654)
Net revenues to be returned in future billings to members	(13,294,408)	(9,301,516)
Total deferred credits	<u>\$ (15,886,092)</u>	<u>\$ (10,909,170)</u>

NOTE 5—LONG TERM LIABILITIES

Long-term liability activity for the years ended June 30, 2013 and 2012 were as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance
Long-term liabilities - June 30, 2013				
Long-term revenue bonds	\$ 24,620,000	\$ 6,600,000	\$ (3,020,000)	\$ 28,200,000
Adjusted for:				
Current maturities	(3,020,000)	(3,175,000)	3,020,000	(3,175,000)
Unamortized premium, net	626,769	-	(165,791)	460,978
Unamortized reacquisition cost	(519,162)	-	143,500	(375,662)
Long-term revenue bonds, net	21,707,607	3,425,000	(22,291)	25,110,316
Long-term member payable	805,000	-	(805,000)	-
Less:				
Current maturities	(805,000)	-	805,000	-
Long-term member payable	-	-	-	-
Total long-term liabilities	<u>\$ 21,707,607</u>	<u>\$ 3,425,000</u>	<u>\$ (22,291)</u>	<u>\$ 25,110,316</u>

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance
Long-term liabilities - June 30, 2012				
Long-term revenue bonds	\$ 27,500,000	\$ -	\$ (2,880,000)	\$ 24,620,000
Adjusted for:				
Current maturities	(2,880,000)	(3,020,000)	2,880,000	(3,020,000)
Unamortized premium, net	811,691	-	(184,922)	626,769
Unamortized reacquisition cost	(683,360)	-	164,198	(519,162)
Long-term revenue bonds, net	24,748,331	(3,020,000)	(20,724)	21,707,607
Long-term member payable	1,548,000	-	(743,000)	805,000
Less:				
Current maturities	(743,000)	(805,000)	743,000	(805,000)
Long-term member payable	805,000	(805,000)	-	-
Total long-term liabilities	<u>\$ 25,553,331</u>	<u>\$ (3,825,000)</u>	<u>\$ (20,724)</u>	<u>\$ 21,707,607</u>

Revenue Bonds Payable—On April 3, 2003 the Agency issued \$43,780,000 of 2003 Series Electric System Revenue Refunding Bonds (referred to as 2003 Bonds), with an average coupon rate of 4.96% to advance refund \$45,560,000 of outstanding 1993 Series A Electric Revenue Bonds (referred to as 1993 Bonds). The 2003 Bonds, combined with the fiscal year 2003 annual debt service payments, retires 100 percent of the outstanding 1993 Bonds. The net proceeds of \$45,810,894 (including premium of \$2,703,218 and reduction for \$658,857 cost of issuance) and additional UMPA funds of \$547,839 were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for the July 1, 2003 call of the 1993 Bonds.

The current refunding resulted in a difference between the reacquisition price and the net carry amount of the old debt of \$2,720,490. This cost of reacquired debt, reported in the accompanying financial statements as a deduction from bonds payable, is being charged to operations through the year 2018 using the effective interest method.

The cash outflows without this refund were to be \$67,360,038 and the cash outflows as a result of this refund are to be \$63,823,939 for a reduction in total debt service payments over the life of the bonds of \$3,536,099. The economic gain is \$1,987,454 as a result of this refunding.

On July 16, 2012 UMPA issued \$6,600,000 of 2012 Series Electric System Revenue Bonds, with a fixed interest rate of 2.06%. The net proceeds of \$6,500,000 (including a reduction of \$100,000 for cost of issuance) are used to finance clean air projects at two dedicated power resource facilities.

Maturities and coupon interest rates associated with the bonds as of June 30, 2013 are as follows:

Remaining Revenue Bonds Payable	Amount	Rate
Series 2003A Bonds, due April 3, 2003 - July 1, 2018	\$ 21,600,000	5.00%
Series 2012 Bonds, due July 16, 2012 - July 1, 2017	\$ 6,600,000	2.06%
Principal Amount	\$ 28,200,000	
Series 2003A Unamortized premium	460,978	
Series 2003A Unamortized cost of reacquired debt	(375,662)	
Total Bonds Payable, Net	\$ 28,285,316	
Less current portion	(3,175,000)	
Total Long-Term Liabilities	<u>\$ 25,110,316</u>	

The Bond Indenture provides that UMPA is not obligated to make payment of the Revenue Bonds from funds other than Pledged Funds, generally defined as: (1) the proceeds from the sale of the Revenue Bonds; (2) revenues from UMPA's electric system and certain investment income; and (3) all funds established by the Indenture.

The following table shows Series 2003A revenue bond debt service requirements:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total Debt Service
2014	\$ 3,175,000	\$ 1,000,625	\$ 4,175,625
2015	3,330,000	838,000	4,168,000
2016	3,500,000	667,250	4,167,250
2017	3,680,000	487,750	4,167,750
2018	3,860,000	299,250	4,159,250
2019	4,055,000	101,375	4,156,375
	<u>\$ 21,600,000</u>	<u>\$ 3,394,250</u>	<u>\$ 24,994,250</u>

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The following table shows Series 2012 revenue bond debt service requirements:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total Debt Service
2014	\$ -	\$ 130,295	\$ 130,295
2015	-	135,960	135,960
2016	2,876,000	135,960	3,011,960
2017	3,134,000	76,714	3,210,714
2018	590,000	12,154	602,154
	<u>\$ 6,600,000</u>	<u>\$ 491,083</u>	<u>\$ 7,091,083</u>

The Bond Indenture requires that certain funds be established to account for UMPA's receipts and disbursements. The cash and investments held in these funds are restricted for the purposes as stipulated in the Indenture.

Revenue Fund Held by UMPA—This fund receives revenue and pays all costs of operation and maintenance. Funds are transferred to other funds in the following order: Bond Fund, Repair and Replacement Fund, and Rate Stabilization Fund.

Bond Fund Held By Trustee—This fund pays all interest and principal related to the Revenue Bonds. At the end of each month, amounts required to be on deposit are the accrued interest payable, the accrued portion of the next principal installment due, and an amount equal to the largest future annual debt service requirement.

Repair and Replacement Fund Held by UMPA—This fund may be drawn on and used by the Agency for the purpose of (a) paying the cost of unusual or extraordinary maintenance or repairs of the system; (b) paying the costs of any renewals, renovation, improvements, expansion or replacements to the system; and (c) paying the cost of any replacement of buildings, lines, equipment and other related facilities, to the extent the same are not paid as part of the ordinary and normal expense of the operation of the system. The Bond Indenture, and First Supplemental Indenture dated April 1, 2003, do not establish a minimum repair and replacement fund requirement with respect to the 2003 Bonds. The amount in the Repair and Replacement Fund is determined annually by the Board.

Rate Stabilization Fund Held by UMPA—This fund may receive transfers from the net revenues of the Revenue Fund and may transfer amounts to the Revenue Fund to cover any insufficiency. The Board has adopted a formula whereby each month the Agency collects amounts which are differences between budgeted results of operations and actual results of operations. The Board periodically reviews the amounts collected and may adjust the contribution as they deem prudent. Amounts on deposit in the fund may be used for any lawful purpose.

Member Payable—The Agency and Provo City made a joint decision to sell their respective interests in the Cove Fort Geothermal Plant in fiscal year 2003. The sale of the plant provides an economic benefit by reduced costs and lower rates to Members. The plant was a resource dedicated to the Agency under the Capacity Purchase Agreement (CPA) between Provo City and UMPA. The Agency reimbursed Provo for actual costs of operating the plant, including Provo's associated debt service on the plant. These costs were operating expenses for dedicated resources on the Agency's financial statements. The sale of the plant removed the resource from the CPA and also the Agency's obligation to reimburse Provo for the remaining debt service. Because of the future economic benefit, UMPA agreed to continue to pay the remaining outstanding debt, less net sale proceeds. The effective interest rate on the payable is 4.86%. These agreed reimbursements are levelized over the remaining debt service life. The resulting loss on sale of the plant of \$7,246,317 consisted of \$1,270,317 attributed to disposed Agency plant assets and \$5,976,000 remaining principal balance payable to Provo City. The Agency made the final principal payment of \$805,000 during the current fiscal year with no balance remaining payable.

NOTE 6—DESERET EXPENSES

Related Party Transaction—DG&T, which is a joint owner with UMPA and operator of the Bonanza Plant, bills UMPA in advance under DG&T's operating budget for costs expected to be incurred for each month's power usage. The actual costs are finalized two months after the initial billing. At June 30, 2013 and 2012 UMPA had prepaid DG&T for May and June's power usage. Prepayment and actual expenses as of June 30, 2013 and 2012 were as follows:

	2013	2012
Prepayment	\$ 1,423,994	\$ 2,138,706
Actual expenses	(1,655,715)	(2,126,647)
(Payable) Prepaid to DG&T	<u>\$ (231,721)</u>	<u>\$ 12,059</u>

NOTE 7—CAPACITY PURCHASE AGREEMENT

Related Party Transaction—Provo City, a member of UMPA, bills UMPA in advance each month in accordance with a capacity purchase agreement. The actual costs are determined two months after the initial billing. Prepayment and actual expenses as of June 30, 2013 and 2012 were as follows:

	2013	2012
Prepayment	\$ 1,245,700	\$ 1,048,800
Actual expenses	(1,422,801)	(1,359,895)
(Payable) Prepaid under Capacity Purchase Agreement	<u>\$ (177,101)</u>	<u>\$ (311,095)</u>

NOTE 8—COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Power Sales Contracts—Power Sales Agreements between UMPA and each of the Members provide that UMPA shall sell and deliver and the Member shall purchase and receive all electric power and energy required by the Member to meet the loads on its electric system. The Power Sales Agreements shall remain in effect through December 21, 2025. The agreements do not specify any particular power supply resource as the source of UMPA's power.

Power Purchase Contracts—UMPA has entered into several power purchase contracts with various terms and conditions. The estimated minimum payments required are summarized below. The Western Area Power Administration (WAPA) contracts provide power and energy through September 30, 2024. UMPA has two contracts with DG&T. One contract is based on a fixed percentage share of the fixed costs of the Bonanza plant over the expected plant life and is estimated to end June 30, 2025. The other contract provides for a predetermined power amount and no associated minimum energy amount from various DG&T resources through December 31, 2019. UMPA has a firm contract with PacifiCorp that expires June 30, 2017, and provides for different minimum power and energy requirements. Contract pricing is fixed for each five-year period with a provision for UMPA to cancel at the end of such period if better pricing terms are found elsewhere and PacifiCorp elects not to offer a matching price.

	Year Ending June 30,	WAPA	DG&T	PacifiCorp
Actual expenses:				
	2013	\$ 8,818,757	\$ 18,415,629	\$ 9,378,717
	2012	10,005,880	19,423,407	8,985,781
Estimated minimum payments:				
	2014	8,781,675	13,597,341	7,521,000
	2015	8,786,028	13,662,120	7,521,000
	2016	8,790,468	13,728,194	7,521,000
	2017	8,794,997	13,795,590	7,521,000
	2018	8,799,617	13,864,334	-
	2019-2023	44,070,677	34,147,521	-
	2024-2025	8,829,340	7,975,467	-

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Dedicated Resource Costs—UMPA has entered into Capacity Purchase Agreements with Levan, Manti, Nephi and Provo as to their existing electric generating capacity. These agreements have estimated remaining facility lives of 10-25 years. Under the Capacity Purchase Agreements, generation capacity and energy from the Members' resources are dedicated to UMPA to meet the load requirements of its Members. The agreements provide that UMPA pays to the Members actual fixed and variable costs associated with the resources. The contracts terms coincide with the Members Power Sale Contracts. Minimum payments are estimated to be:

	<u>Year Ending June 30,</u>	<u>Dedicated Resource Costs</u>
Actual expenses:	2013	\$ 9,381,169
	2012	10,178,601
Estimated minimum payments:	2014	9,419,114
	2015	3,384,763
	2016	3,353,452
	2017	3,206,881
	2018	3,147,201
	2019-2023	16,524,714
	2024-2025	6,995,981

NOTE 9—EMPLOYEE PENSIONS

UMPA's Board of Directors has adopted a pension plan which provides for retirement contributions equal to 17.9% of all full-time employees' annual wages. For fiscal year ending June 30, 2013, a 16.04% contribution was made for Tier 1 employees to Utah Retirement Systems (URS), a defined benefit plan, and the remaining 1.86% was contributed to the employees' 401(k), a defined contribution plan. For Tier 2 employees a 12.74% contribution was made to URS, a defined benefit plan, and the remaining 5.16% was contributed to the employees' 401(k), a defined contribution plan. The employees' 401(k) plan is administered by either the URS or Wells Fargo Advantage Funds. Certain wages, such as annual sick leave payouts not earned in the current year and retirement benefit payouts, are not subject to URS defined benefit plan contributions. In such instances, the full 17.9% retirement contribution is deposited in the employees' 401(k) plan.

The URS, of which UMPA is a member, are multiple employer, cost sharing retirement systems providing refunds, retirement benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries in accordance with retirement statutes. These benefits are based on years of service and highest average salaries. These systems cover substantially all eligible public employees of UMPA and educational employees, as well as participating local governmental entities.

UMPA is legally obligated to contribute to the retirement system as long as they have employees meeting membership requirements. The contribution rates are the actuarially determined rates. The contribution requirements of the URS are authorized by statute and specified by its board. The contribution rates in effect from July 1, 2010 through June 30, 2013 applied to the qualified total salary for eligible employees are as follows:

	<u>Contribution Rates</u>		
	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2011</u>
URS Non-contributory Tier 1	16.04%	13.77%	13.37%
URS 401(k)	1.86%	4.13%	4.53%
URS Contributory Tier 2	12.74%	0.00%	0.00%
URS 401(k)	5.16%	0.00%	0.00%

All contributions by UMPA for the years ended June 30, 2013, 2012 and 2011 were paid by the due dates or within 30 days thereafter. The total salaries and the amount of employer's contributions paid during the year are as follows:

	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2011</u>
Total salaries	\$ 1,689,307	\$ 1,426,508	\$ 1,477,046
Total salaries subject to URS retirement contributions	1,475,020	1,426,508	1,411,508
Employer contributions - URS	236,459	196,430	188,719
Employer contributions - 401(k)	65,928	58,915	75,672
Employee contributions - 401(k)	3,672	8,059	22,395

The URS are established and governed by the respective sections of Chapter 49 of the Utah code, Annotated 1953, as amended. The Utah State Retirement Office Act in Chapter 49 provides for the administration of the URS and Plans under the direction of the Utah State Retirement Board (Board) whose members are appointed by the Governor. The URS issued a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the Local Governmental Contributory Retirement System, Local Governmental Noncontributory Retirement System, Public Safety Retirement System, and Firefighters Retirement System. A copy of the report may be obtained by writing to the Utah Retirement Systems, 540 East 200 South, Salt Lake City, UT 84102 or by calling 1-800-365-8772.

NOTE 10—RISK MANAGEMENT

The Agency is subject to various risks of loss related to general liability and property insurance. The Agency has purchased commercially available indemnity insurance to cover these risks. The deductible amounts for this insurance would be immaterial to the Agency. The amount of insurance settlements has not exceeded insurance coverage in the past three years.

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Schedule of Changes in Funds Established by the Bond Indenture
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	Revenue Fund	Bond Fund	Repair & Replacement Fund	Rate Stabilization Fund	Total
Balance July 1, 2012	\$ 5,842,875	\$ 7,895,242	\$ 1,200,000	\$ 1,607,654	\$ 16,545,771
Additions and Transfers					
Investment earnings	344,176	29,099	-	-	373,275
Power sales and other receipts	71,976,137	-	-	-	71,976,137
Bond issuance proceeds	-	6,600,000	-	-	6,600,000
Transfers from (to) other funds	(5,063,860)	4,079,830	-	984,030	-
Total Additions and Transfers	67,256,453	10,708,929	-	984,030	78,949,412
Deductions					
Operation and maintenance expenses	64,969,216	-	-	-	64,969,216
Purchase of capital additions	123,010	2,301,191	-	-	2,424,201
Interest expense	-	1,225,738	-	-	1,225,738
Bond principal payments	-	3,020,000	-	-	3,020,000
Note principal payments	805,000	-	-	-	805,000
Bond issuance costs	-	100,000	-	-	100,000
Total Deductions	65,897,226	6,646,929	-	1,968,060	72,544,155
Balance June 30, 2013	\$ 7,202,102	\$ 11,957,242	\$ 1,200,000	\$ 2,591,684	\$ 22,951,028